VII.6. Ground Water Status

TABLE VII.6.1: Distribution of Talukas According to Ground Water Status

	Number of Talukas (Sub-Districts) under							
Districts	Semi Critical		Critical		Over-Exploited			
	2004	2009	2004	2009	2004	2009		
Bagalkot		1		1	5	5		
Bangalore Rural					8	4		
Bangalore Urban					3	4		
Belgaum		4			7	8		
Bellary	2	1		1	2	2		
Bidar		1		1		1		
Bijapur	2	3			2	1		
Chamarajanagar	1	1			1	1		
Chikkaballapura		1				5		
Chikmagalur	1	1		1				
Chitradurga	2			2	2	3		
Dakshina Kannada		2						
Davanagere	1			1	5	4		
Dharwad		2						
Gadag	1	2			3	2		
Gulbarga		1						
Hassan	1	1			3	4		
Haveri		2	1	2	3			
Kolar					11	5		
Koppal		1			3	3		
Mandya		3	1		1	3		
Mysore	1	2		1	1			
Raichur		1						
Ramanagara		1		1		3		
Tumkur	2	2	1		5	7		
Yadgir		1						

NOTE: In 2009, out of 270 assessment units, there are six talukas where command and non-command both are falling in over-exploited category. Hence the whole taluka is categorised as Over Exploited without separate mention of command and non-command.

SOURCE: Various Reports of Dynamics of Ground Water Resources, Central Ground Water Board, Ministry of Water Resources, Govt. of India.

GLOSSARY

AI : Artificial Insemination is the process of deliberate introduction of sperm into the

female reproductive tract for impregnation.

Bovine : large ruminants like cattle, buffaloes, yak and mithun.

Breedable : female animals that have attained the age of puberty.

Breeding Tract: area where breeds/group of animals are found.

Calving Interval : period between two calvings.

Castration: technique by which males are made sterile for use in draught operations.

Crossbred : animal produced by hybridization of two different breeds.

DM : dry biomass available from feed and fodder.

Dry Animal : adult animals calved at least once but not in-milk at present.

Food Grains : cereals and pulses.

GSDP : basic measure of a State's overall economic performance. It represents the market

value of all final goods and services made within the borders of a State in a year.

Indigenous Animals : animals native to a particular area.

In-milk Animals : animals which are lactating.

Lactation Length : (Gross irrigated area/Net irrigated area) * 100. : number of days the animal secretes milk.

Lactation Yield : total milk production over period of 300/305 days.

Literacy Rate : percentage of literates in the age group above six years.

Livestock : domesticated mammals.

Male to Female Ratio : number of males to females.

Milch Animals : sum of in-milk and dry animals.

Milk Utilisation Pattern : quantities of milk retained for home consumption in liquid form, retained for product

conversion and milk sold by the milk producers.

Marginal Holdings : farmers possessing less than one hectare of operational holding.

Small Holdings : greater than one hectare and less than two hectare of operational holding.

Semi Medium: greater than two and less than four hectare of operational holding.Medium Holdings: are more than four and less than ten hectare of operational holding.

Large Holdings : are those larger than ten hectare of operational holding.

Population Density : number of human beings/animals per square km of geographical area.

Poultry : all categories of chicken, guinea fowls, turkey, ducks and quails.

Sex Ratio : number of females to 1,000 males in a population.

Small Ruminants: sum of sheep and goats.

Urbanisation : per cent of urban population to total population.

Wet to Dry Ratio : number of in-milk animals to dry ones.

